

INNOVATION IN NATURE PROTECTION – A NEW VIEW OF ALPINE BIODIVERSITY





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Ecological networks to maintain biodiversity in the Alps

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The Alps – a biodiversity Hotspot





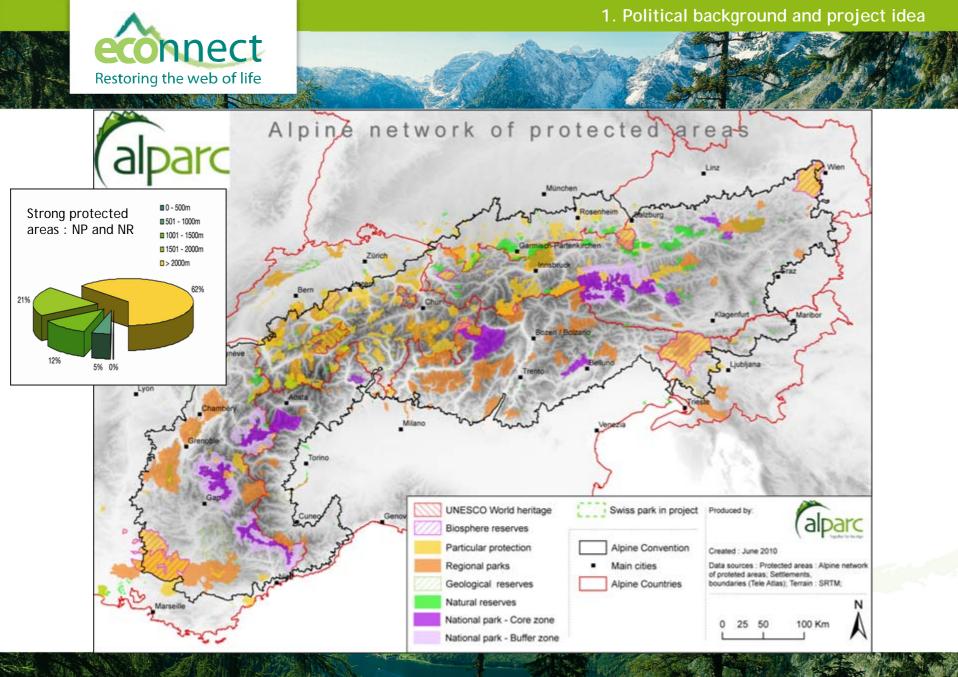
1. Political background and project idea



Protocol « Protection of nature and landscape conservation »

Article 12 - Ecological network

The Contracting Parties shall define appropriated measures for the creation of a national and cross border network of protected areas, biotopes and other environmental assets protected or recognized to be protected. They shall harmonise the objectives and management measures between cross-border protected areas.



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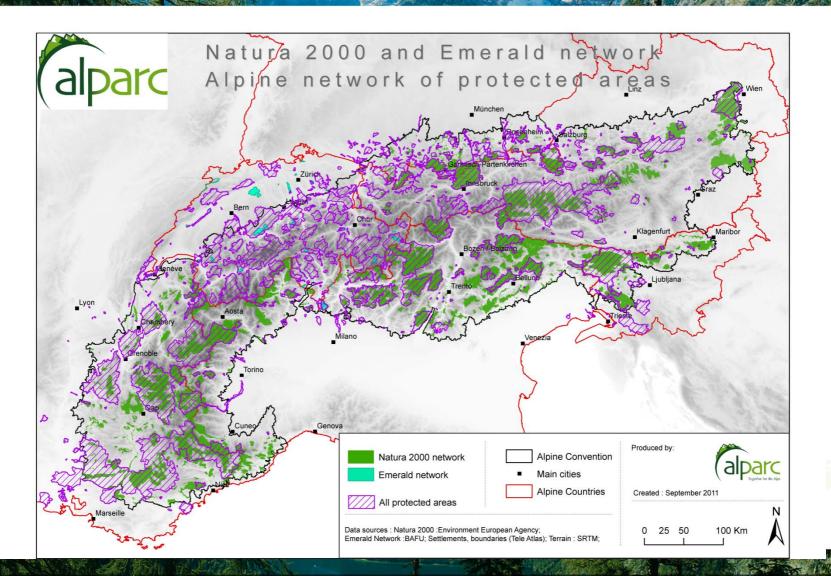
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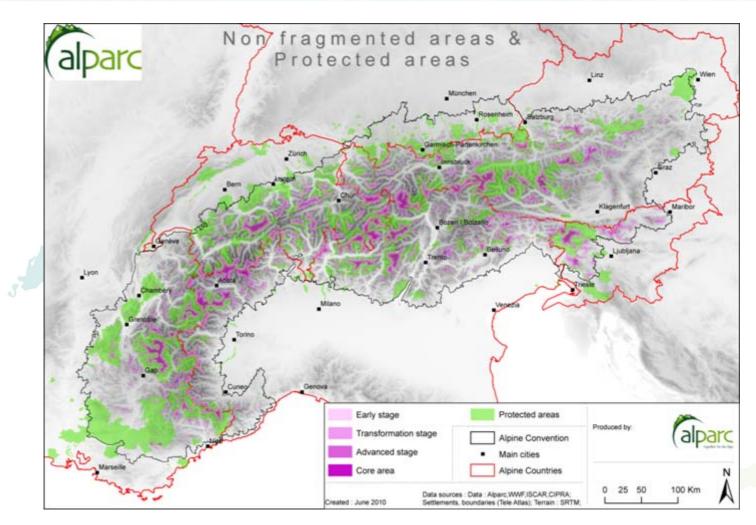
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1. Political background and project idea

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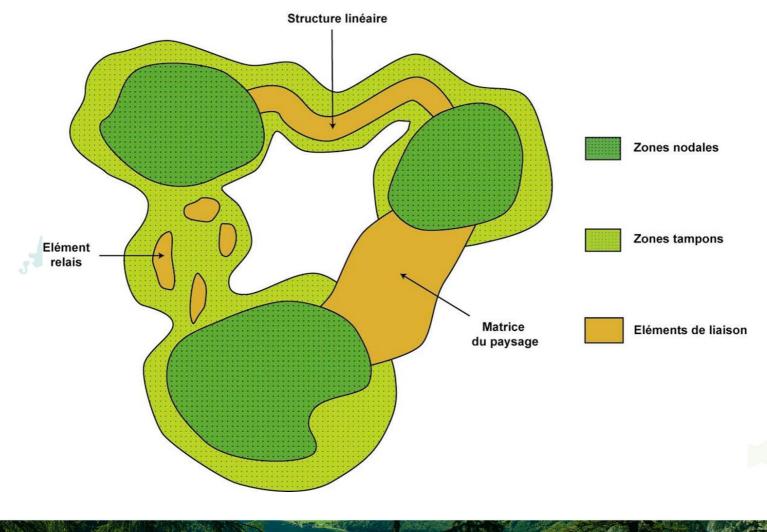


Mandate from the Alpine Conference 2006, 2009 and 2011

Objectives:

- Working Group of information exchange, experience and know-how
- Act as facilitator for the conceptualisation and implementation of projects concerning ecological connectivity
- Support the different alpine initiatives for a holistic and alpine wide planning and implementation process
- Work closely with Pilot Regions on implementation initiatives



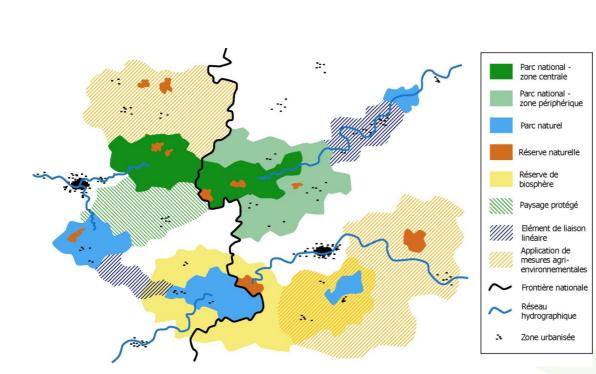


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1. Political background and project idea



- Protected areas :
 - established structures on the ground
 - important network of contacts to local stakeholders

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- permanent staff present on the ground
- good ecological knowledge and data



Approach and Pilot regions

Protection of biodiversity and natural heritage requires an integrated approach which beyond protected areas considers high biodiversity areas and corridors as linking elements of an Alpine ecological network.

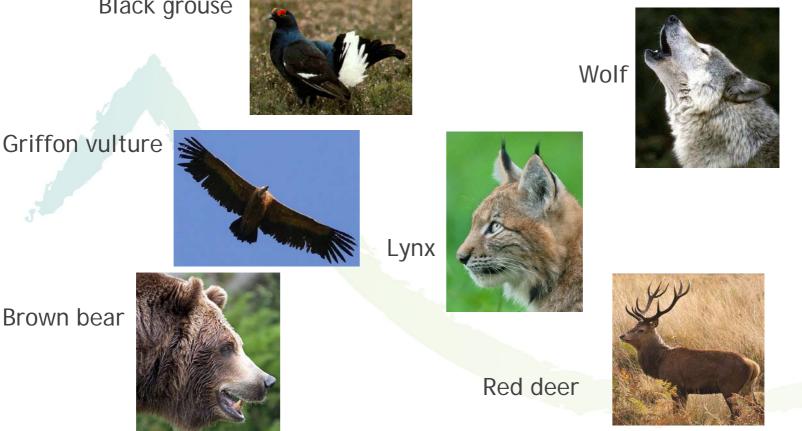
WP 7 - Implementation in 7 Pilot Areas

- <u>Goal</u>: Continuum of habitats and reduction of fragmentation
- <u>Methodology</u>: Analyse of the local situation with specific needs for single species
- Tools: Special mapping and analyse tools (JECAMI)
- Realisation: planning on local scale and implementation of measures
- Acceptation: Involvement_of all relevant stakeholders



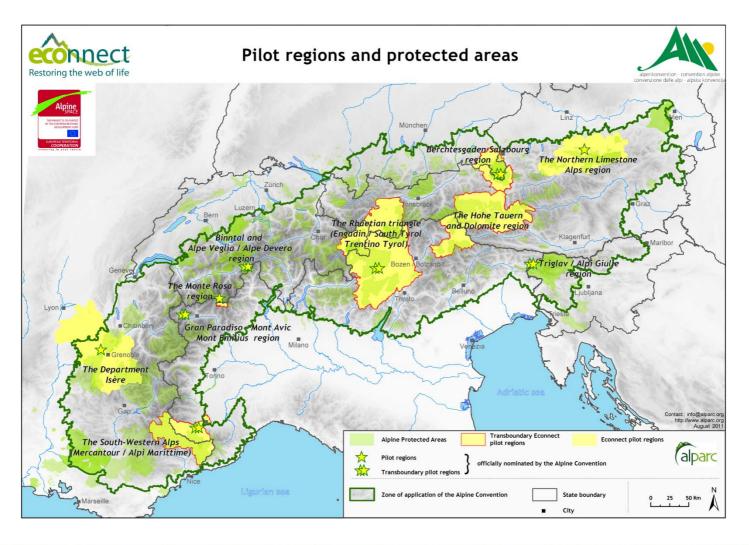
Selected species for terrestrial models:

Black grouse



Copyright: touristik.freepage.de (grouse), naturschutzbuero-zollernalb.de (vulture), fullmoons.ch (wolf), maxwaugh.com (bear), naturfotografen-forum.de (lynx), new-forest-national-park.com (red deer)





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2. The Pilot Region approach



17 steps for ECONNECT:

Implementation strategy

- 3 measures

- 1 spatial measure

- Stakeholder involvement

- Detailed planning and mapping Data creation and knowledge concentration

- Monitoring

- Long term vision

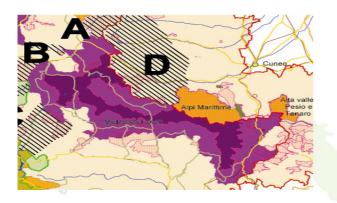
Communication

Animation of a process

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	N°	Activity	Description	Timeframe	Result/output	Workflow	Interface
				Deadline		WP 4-5-7	between WP5-7
	13	Detailed organisation of each action	For each of the 4 actions to be realised in the frame of ECONNECT: - define responsibilities - detailed plan: budget, timeframe, human and technical resources	January 2011	- 3 contractual measures (this means not necessarily contracts but it has to be documented as a measure, i.e. the inscription of a "connectivity policy" in the documents of the physical planning of the region, agreements or conventions, etc.). The finance of such measures should be insured in a middle or long term (5 - 25 years) by the public administrations. - 1 spatial link Detailed plan on how to proceed for each action	WP7	To compare with recommendation of actions on alps wide level.
	14	Start Action	Consultation and definition of objectives	August 2011	Actions realised (one spatial link, three measures)	WP7	
	15	Realisation	- terms of reference - signatures -Accomplishment of the work on the ground	August 2011	Concrete actions	WP7	
	16	Monitoring of actions	Based on indicators defined by WG of WP7 indices in cooperation with WP5 and WP4.	During realisation	control	WP7 (proposal link to competence network)	Common definition of indicators for long term monitoring of actions by WP4,5 and 7.
	17	Evaluation of the activities	Evaluation of the ecological, social and economic effects, long term perspectives.	After end of project	Assessment reports Self-evaluation	WP5 - WP7 - WP8	Synthesis with recommendations for alps-wide and regional level.
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Work in Pilot Regions



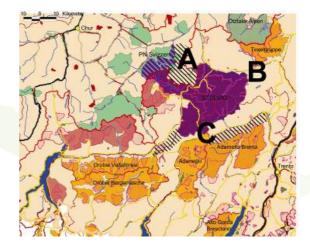
Create local ecological networks between PA's and surrounding areas of high biodiversity:

- identify the potential
- Planify the activities
- Implement first actions

- include economic stakeholders and population
- identify legal gaps and develop possible solutions for new legal obligations
- precise mapping

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• development of measures + implementation





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Continuum Suitability Index (CSI)

- Analysis on the landscape level
- The indicator contains a wide range of topics, from biology, landscape ecology and geography up to socioeconomy
- A quality indicator informs about the underlying data properties
- The CSI-Tool is part of the JECAMI*-Webservices and is available on the Web

*Joint Ecological Continuum Analysis and Mapping Initiative



2. The Pilot Region approach



WWF Italia ONG-Onlus - Programma Api P.I. IT 02121111005 alpi@wwf.it

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RESULTS : <u>Methodology and knowledge development</u>

•Guidelines for a common procedure in pilot regions includes target species determination

•Mapping tool for ecological connectivity in pilot regions (Jecami), Development of the Continuum Suitability Index (CSI)

•First implementation activities: mapping, stakeholder involvement

•Nomination process of **official alpine pilot regions** 6 out of 7 PR of ECONNECT !

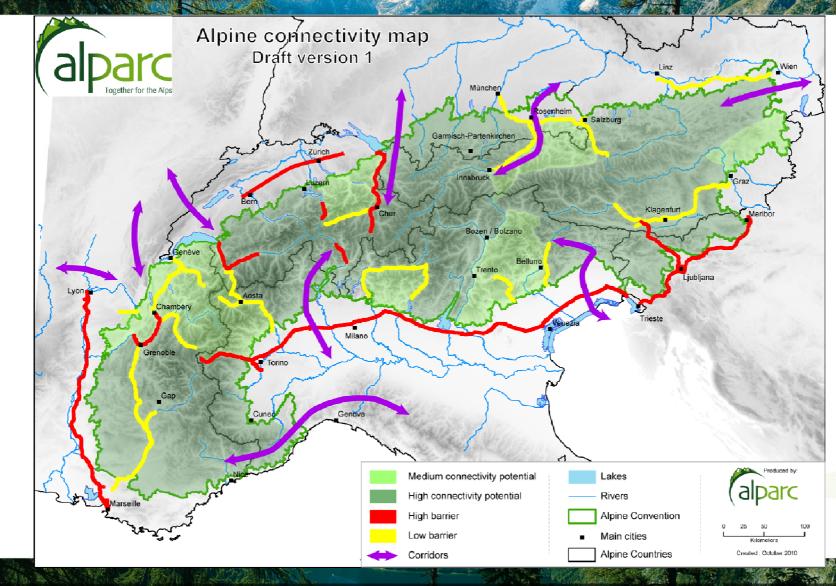


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What was ECONNECT?

1) A new approach going beyond the classical island protection

2)The only way to insure biodiversity in a sustainable way in the Alps and an answer to alpine climate change

3)A new and not easy challenge for Protected area managers acting as « animators » of a process

4) A start point to involve strongly all relevant stakeholders and to start a not reversible process

5)A chance to develop high sophisticated tools for connectivity analysis adapted to the alpine space but not only



What was it not...:

...a project to realise an ecological

network...

This would be a task for one generation...at least!

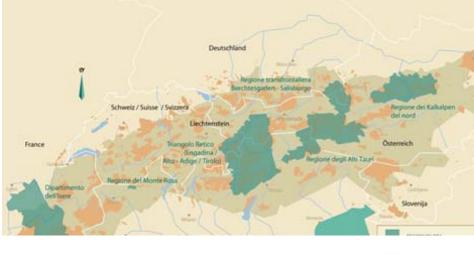
Nevertheless ECONNECT is a concrete start point.



Conclusion

The pilot region approach

Alps & Carpathians

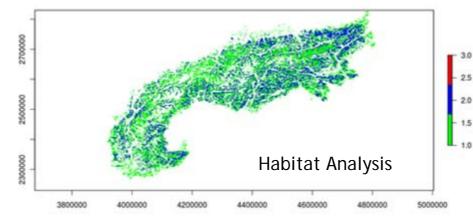




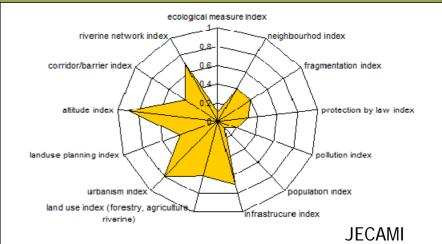




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Alpine SPACE THIS PROJECT IS CO-FUNDED BY THE EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND IN VOESTING IN YOUR THEORY

Conclusion

Guido Plassmann

CONTACT: Task Force Espaces Protégés Permanent Secretariat of the Alpine Convention Maison des parcs et de la montagne 256 rue de la République F - 73000 CHAMBERY +33 / (0)4 79 26 55 06 info@alparc.org www.alparc.org





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